

GaAs MMIC Doubler

MMD-0415H

1. Device Overview

1.1 General Description

The MMD-0415H is a MMIC doubler fabricated with GaAs Schottky diodes. This operates over a guaranteed 2 to 7.5 GHz input frequency range or a doubled output frequency range of 4 to 15 GHz. It features excellent conversion loss, superior isolations, and harmonic suppressions across a broad bandwidth. Both the wire bondable die and connectorized units are available.



Die



Module

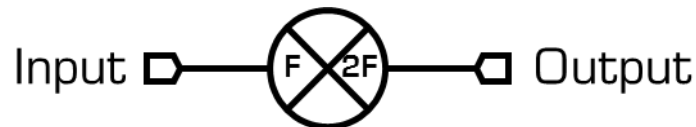
1.2 Features

- High fundamental rejection
- Low 2F Conversion Loss

1.3 Applications

- Test and Measurement
- High frequency synthesis
- LO signal chain

1.4 Functional Block Diagram



1.5 Part Ordering Options¹

Part Number	Description	Package	Green Status	Product Lifecycle	Export Classification
MMD-0415HCH	Wire bondable die	CH	RoHS	Active	EAR99
MMD-0415HS	Connectorized module	S		Active	EAR99

¹ Refer to our [website](#) for a list of definitions for terminology presented in this table.

Table of Contents

1. Device Overview	1	3.3 Recommended Operating Conditions .	4
1.1 General Description.....	1	3.4 Sequencing Requirements	4
1.2 Features	1	3.5 Electrical Specifications	5
1.3 Applications	1	3.6 Typical Performance Plots	6
1.4 Functional Block Diagram	1	4. Die Mounting Recommendations	7
1.5 Part Ordering Options.....	1	4.1 Mounting and Bonding	
2. Port Configurations and Functions	3	Recommendations	7
2.1 Port Diagram	3	4.2 Handling Precautions	7
2.2 Port Functions	3	4.3 Bonding Diagram	8
3. Specifications	4	5. Mechanical Data	9
3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings.....	4	5.1 CH Package Outline Drawing	9
3.2 Package Information	4	5.2 S package Outline Drawing	9

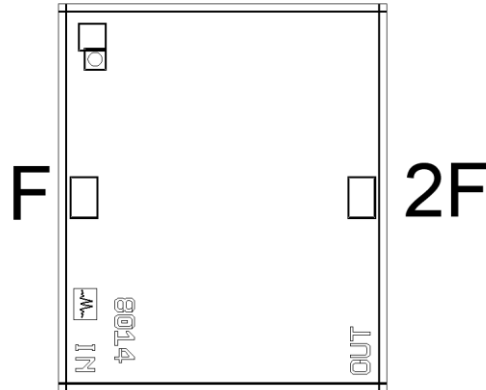
Revision History

Revision Code	Revision Date	Comment
-	November 2022	Datasheet Initial Release

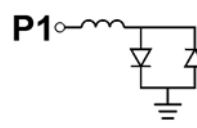
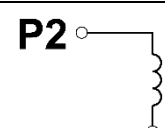
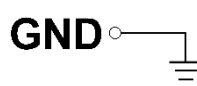
2. Port Configurations and Functions

2.1 Port Diagram

A top-down view of the MMD-0415H's CH package outline drawing is shown below. The MMD-0415H should only be used in the forward direction, with the input and output ports given in Port Functions.



2.2 Port Functions

Port	Function	Description	Equivalent Circuit for Package
Port 1	Input	Port 1 is DC coupled to the diodes for the CH and S packages. Blocking capacitor is optional.	
Port 2	Output	Port 2 is DC open for the CH and S package.	
GND	Ground	CH package ground path is provided through the substrate and ground bond pads. S package ground provided through metal housing and outer coax conductor.	

3. Specifications

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

The Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage may occur to the device. All Absolute Maximum Ratings are individual limits and should not be met in parallel. If these limits are exceeded, the device may be inoperable or have a reduced lifetime.

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Units
Port 1 DC Current	25	mA
Port 2 DC Current	N/A	mA
Power Handling, at any Port	+29	dBm
Operating Temperature	-55 to +100	°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to +125	°C

3.2 Package Information

Parameter	Details	Rating
ESD	Human Body Model (HBM), per MIL-STD-750, Method 1020	1A
Weight	S package	10 g

3.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions indicate the limits, inside which the device should be operated, to guarantee the performance given in Electrical Specifications. Operating outside these limits may not necessarily cause damage to the device, but the performance may degrade outside the limits of the electrical specifications. For limits, above which damage may occur, see Absolute Maximum Ratings.

	Min	Nominal	Max	Units
T _A , Ambient Temperature	-55	+25	+100	°C
Input Power	+10	+14	+20	dBm

3.4 Sequencing Requirements

There is no requirement to apply power to the ports in a specific order. However, it is recommended to provide a 50Ω termination to each port before applying power. This is a passive diode doubler that requires no DC bias.

3.5 Electrical Specifications

The electrical specifications apply at $T_A=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ in a 50Ω system. Typical data shown is for the connectorized S package doubler used in the forward direction with a +14 dBm sine wave input.

Min and Max limits apply only to our connectorized units and are guaranteed at $T_A=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$. RF testing of our die is performed on a sample basis to verify conformance to datasheet guaranteed specifications.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typical	Max	Units
Input (Port 1) Frequency Range		2		7.5	GHz
Output (Port 2) Frequency Range ¹		4		15	
Input Power		+10	+14	+15	dBm
2F Conversion Loss (CL)	Input = 2 – 7.5 GHz Output = 4 - 15 GHz		11	14	dB
Suppression ^{2,3}	1F Input = 2 – 7.5 GHz Output = 2 – 7.5 GHz		27		dBc
	3F Input = 2 – 5 GHz Output = 6 - 15 GHz		36		
	4F Input = 2 – 3.75 GHz Output = 8 - 15 GHz		15		
Isolations ⁴	1F Input = 2 – 7.5 GHz Output = 2 – 7.5 GHz		38		dB
	3F Input = 2 – 5 GHz Output = 6 - 15 GHz		47		
	4F Input = 2 – 3.75 GHz Output = 8 - 15 GHz		25		

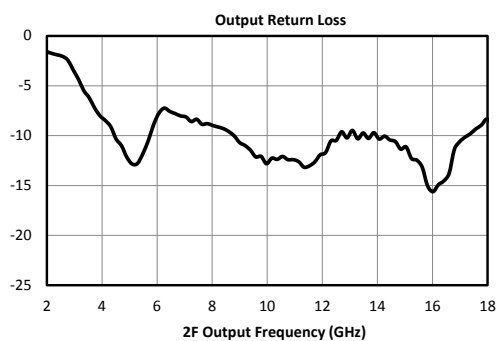
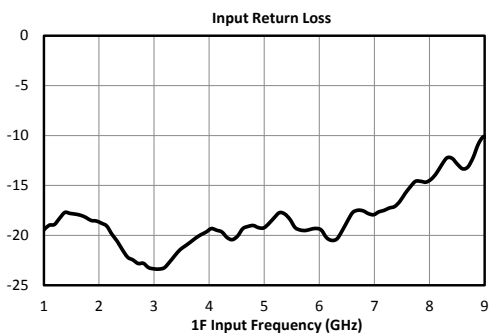
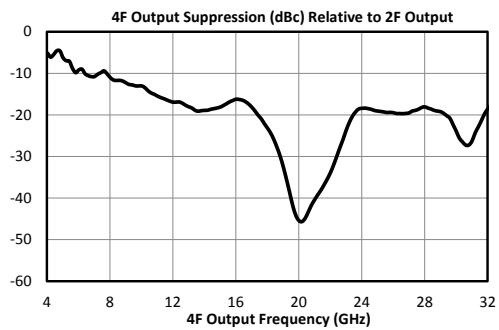
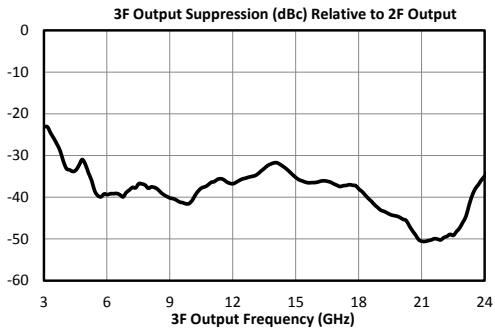
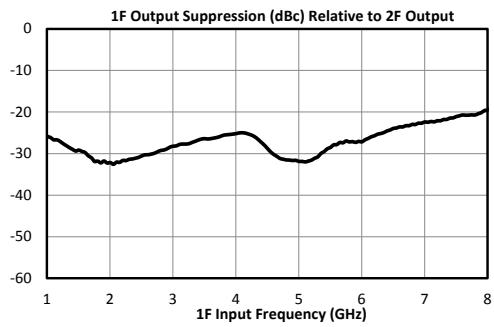
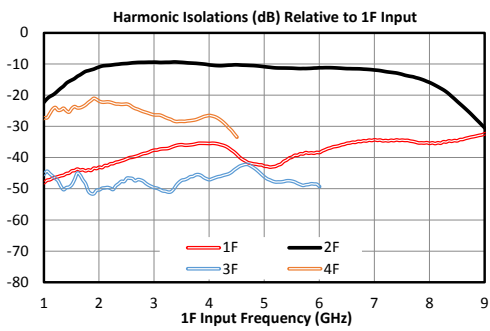
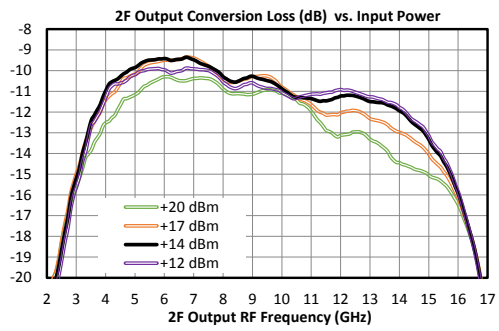
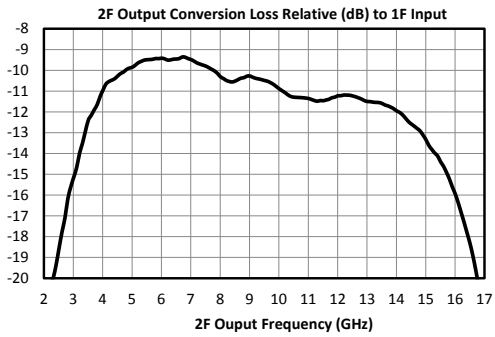
¹ Output return loss measured with a fixed frequency large signal 4 GHz input.

² Suppressions and isolations measured with an input source with >60dBc (relative to fundamental input) harmonic suppression.

³ Suppression is defined as the harmonic power relative to the 2F doubled output power.

⁴ Isolation is defined as the harmonic power relative to the 1F fundamental input power.

3.6 Typical Performance Plots



4. Die Mounting Recommendations

4.1 Mounting and Bonding Recommendations

Marki MMICs should be attached directly to a ground plane with conductive epoxy. The ground plane electrical impedance should be as low as practically possible. This will prevent resonances and permit the best possible electrical performance. Datasheet performance is only guaranteed in an environment with a low electrical impedance ground.

Mounting - To epoxy the chip, apply a minimum amount of conductive epoxy to the mounting surface so that a thin epoxy fillet is observed around the perimeter of the chip. Cure epoxy according to manufacturer instructions.

Wire Bonding - Ball or wedge bond with 0.025 mm (1 mil) diameter pure gold wire. Thermosonic wirebonding with a nominal stage temperature of 150 °C and a ball bonding force of 40 to 50 grams or wedge bonding force of 18 to 22 grams is recommended. Use the minimum level of ultrasonic energy to achieve reliable wirebonds. Wirebonds should be started on the chip and terminated on the package or substrate. All bonds should be as short as possible <0.31 mm (12 mils).

Circuit Considerations – 50 Ω transmission lines should be used for all high frequency connections in and out of the chip. Wirebonds should be kept as short as possible, with multiple wirebonds recommended for higher frequency connections to reduce parasitic inductance. In circumstances where the chip more than .001" thinner than the substrate, a heat spreading spacer tab is optional to further reduce bondwire length and parasitic inductance.

4.2 Handling Precautions

General Handling

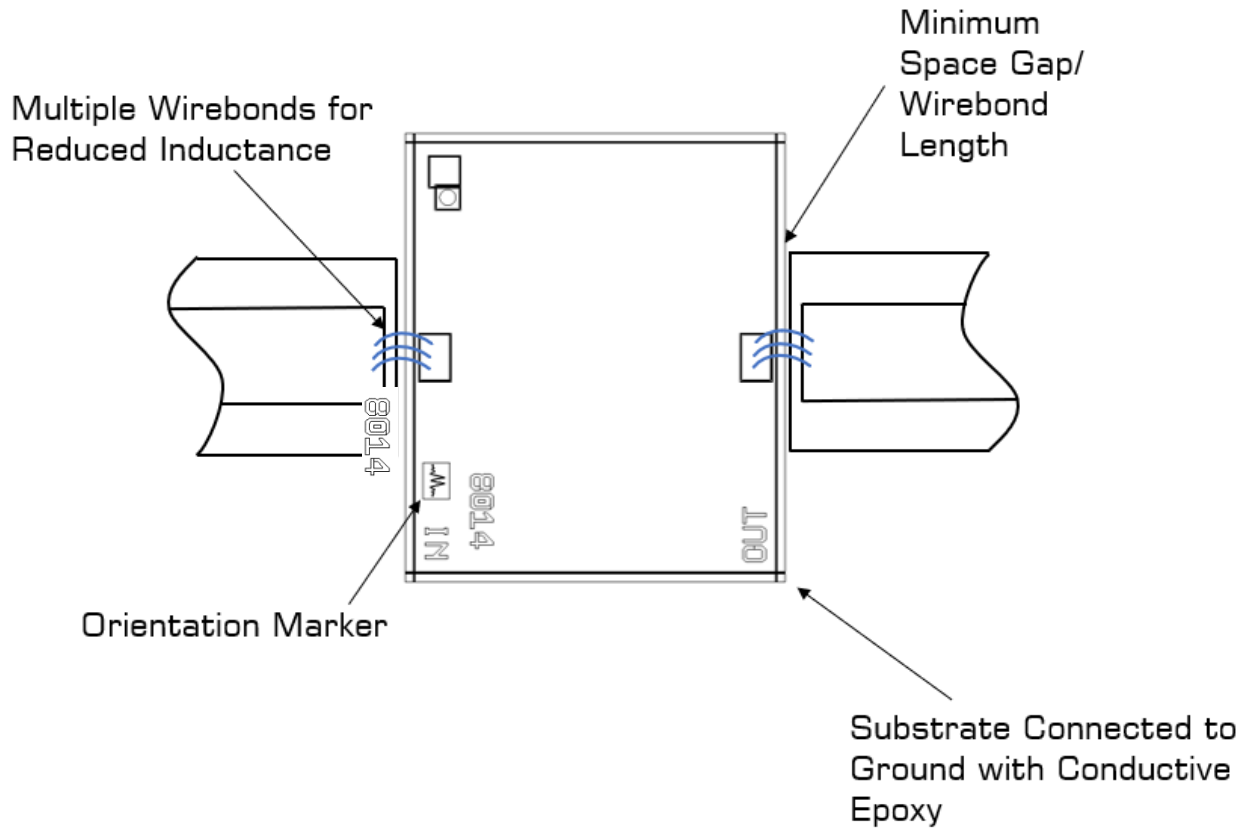
Chips should be handled with care using tweezers or a vacuum collet. Users should take precautions to protect chips from direct human contact that can deposit contaminants, like perspiration and skin oils on any of the chip's surfaces.

Static Sensitivity

GaAs MMIC devices are sensitive to ESD and should be handled, assembled, tested, and transported only in static protected environments.

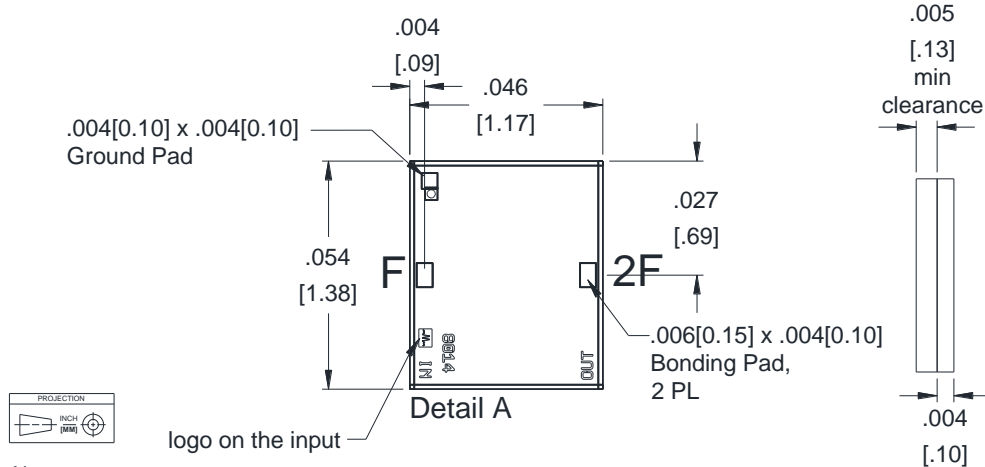
Cleaning and Storage: Do not attempt to clean the chip with a liquid cleaning system or expose the bare chips to liquid. Once the ESD sensitive bags the chips are stored in are opened, chips should be stored in a dry nitrogen atmosphere.

4.3 Bonding Diagram

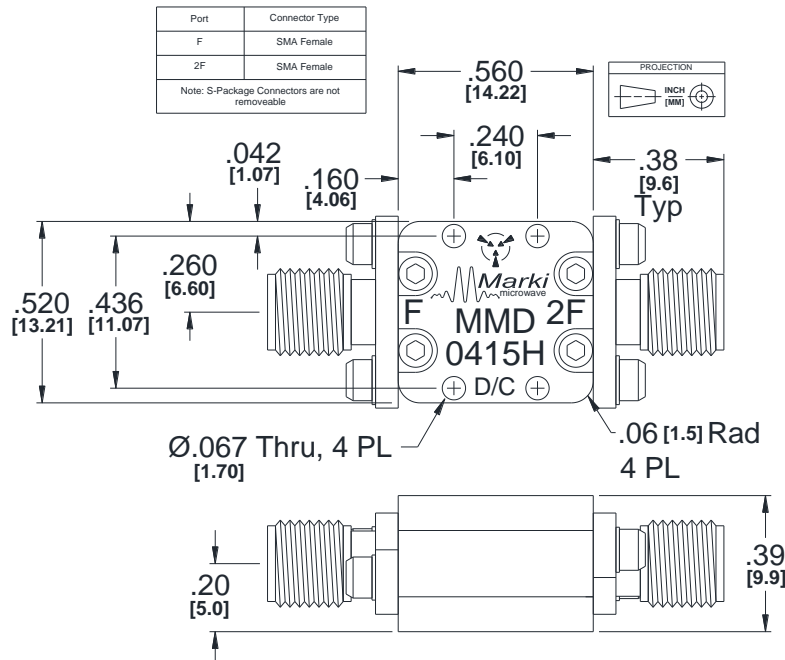


5. Mechanical Data

5.1 CH Package Outline Drawing



5.2 S package Outline Drawing



Marki Microwave reserves the right to make changes to the product(s) or information contained herein without notice.
Marki Microwave makes no warranty, representation, or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Marki Microwave assume any liability whatsoever arising out of the use or application of any product.