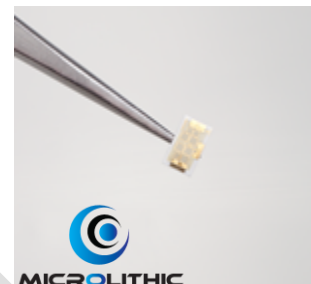


## MICROLITHIC™ DOUBLE-BALANCED MIXER

## ML1-1850

The ML1-1850 is a Microlithic™ double balanced mixer. As with all Microlithic™ mixers (patent pending), it features excellent conversion loss, isolations, and spurious performance across a broad bandwidth and in a miniaturized form factor. Accurate, nonlinear software models are available for Microwave Office through the Marki Microwave PDK. The ML1-1850 is available as a wire bondable chip or in a connectorized package. The ML1-1850 is an excellent alternative to Marki Microwave M9 mixers packaged in drop-in carriers such as the ES carrier, and is commonly used for wide IF bandwidth “tuner” applications (see page 2).



### Features

- Compact Chip Style Package (0.152” x 0.090” x 0.010”)
- CAD Optimized for Superior Isolation and Spurious Response
- Broadband Performance
- Excellent Unit-to-Unit Repeatability
- Fully nonlinear software models available with Marki PDK for Microwave Office
- RoHS Compliant

**Electrical Specifications** - Specifications guaranteed from -55 to +100°C, measured in a 50Ω system.

Parameter	LO (GHz)	RF (GHz)	IF (GHz)	Min	Typ	Max	Diode Option LO drive level (dBm)
Conversion Loss (dB)	18-50 <sup>1</sup> 18-48		DC-24		8	14	L (+10 to +13) I (+15 to +19)
Isolation (dB) LO-RF LO-IF RF-IF	18-50				See Plots		
Input 1 dB Compression (dBm)	18-50 18-48				+3 +9		L (+10 to +13) I (+15 to +19)
Input Two-Tone Third Order Intercept Point (dBm)	18-50 18-48				+14 +18		L (+10 to +13) I (+15 to +19)

1. Operational to 56 GHz for L-Diode. Probe testing is limited to 50 GHz. Contact factory for details.

### Part Number Options<sup>1</sup>

Part Number	Description	Package	Green Status	Product Lifecycle	Export Classification	Recommended Part Number Option 1	Recommended Part Number Option 2
ML1-1850LCH-1	Chip	CH	RoHS Compliant	Active Not Recommended for New Designs	EAR99	<a href="#">MM1-1857LCH-2</a>	<a href="#">MM1-1850HCH-2</a>
ML1-1850ICH-1	Chip	CH				<a href="#">MM1-1850HCH-2</a>	<a href="#">MM1-1857HCH-2</a>
ML1-1850LCH-2	Chip	CH				<a href="#">MM1-1857LCH-2</a>	<a href="#">MM1-1850HCH-2</a>
ML1-1850ICH-2	Chip	CH				<a href="#">MM1-1850HCH-2</a>	<a href="#">MM1-1857HCH-2</a>
ML1-1850LS	Connectorized	S				<a href="#">MM1-1857LS</a>	<a href="#">MM1-1850HS</a>
ML1-1850IS	Connectorized	S				<a href="#">MM1-1850HS</a>	<a href="#">MM1-1857HS</a>

<sup>1</sup>Refer to our [website](#) for a list of definitions for terminology presented in this table.

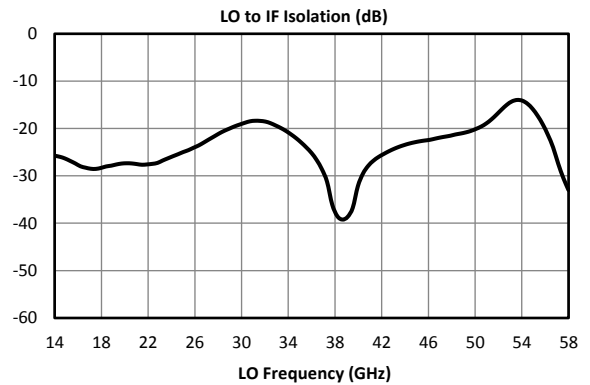
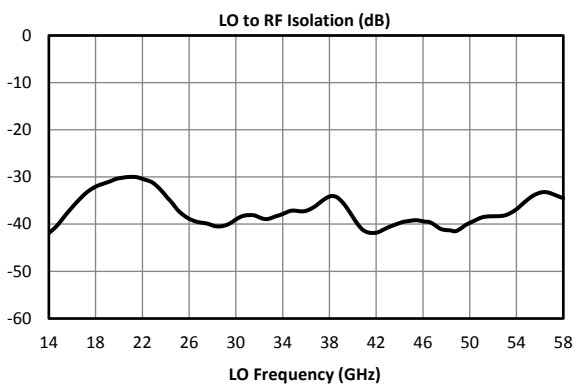
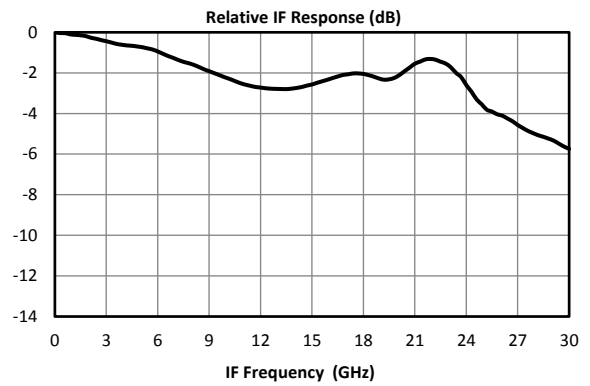
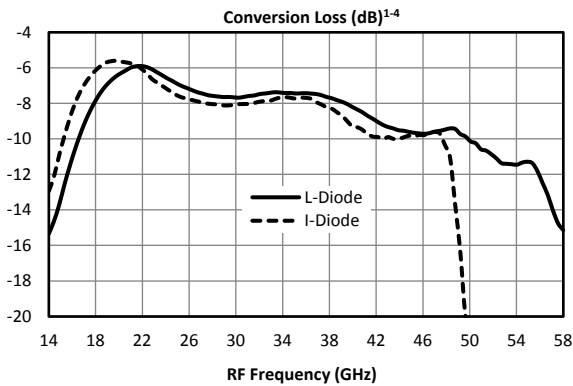
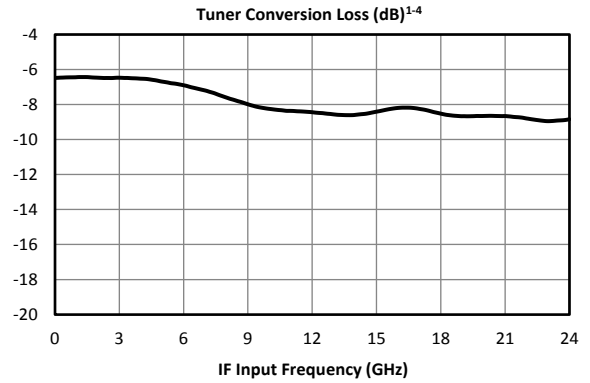
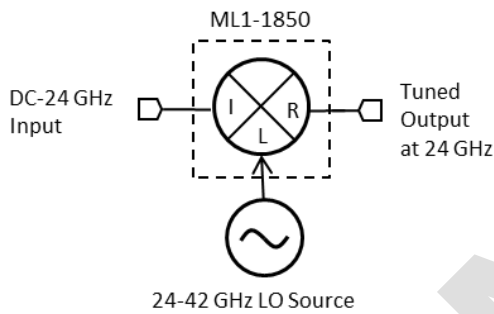
# MICROLITHIC™ DOUBLE-BALANCED MIXER

# ML1-1850

Page 2

LO/RF 18 to 50 GHz  
IF DC to 24 GHz

Typical Performance





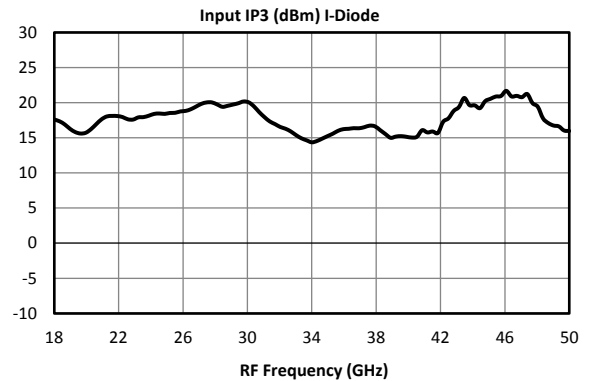
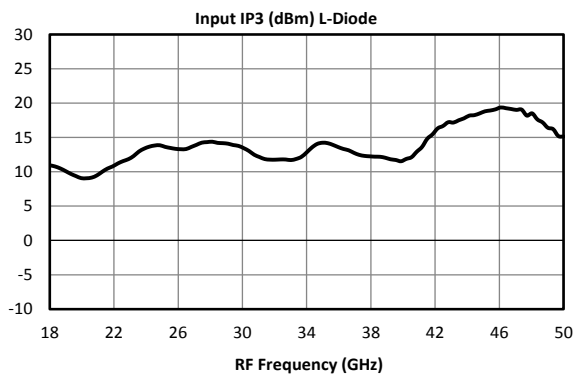
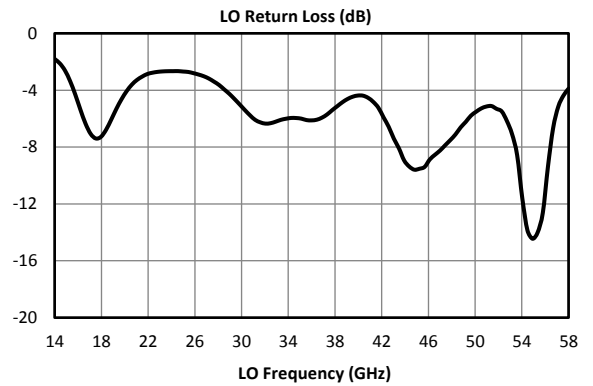
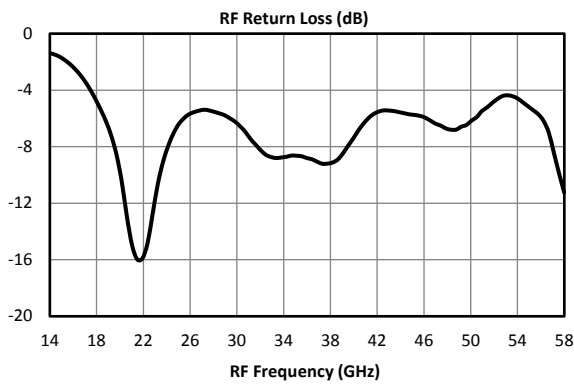
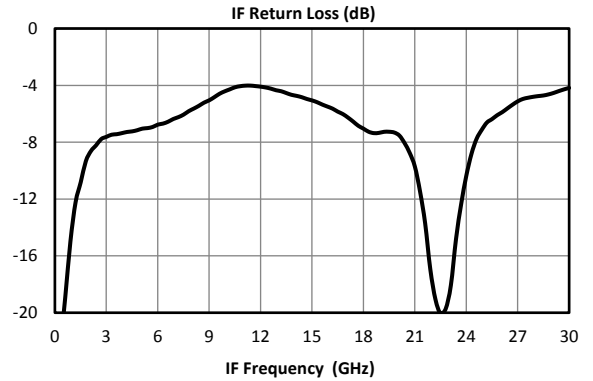
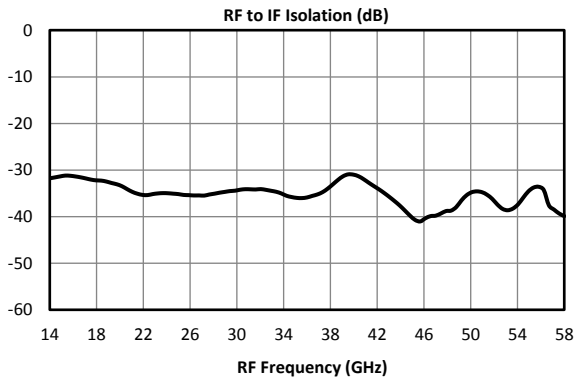
# MICROLITHIC™ DOUBLE-BALANCED MIXER

# ML1-1850

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LO/RF 18 to 50 GHz  
IF DC to 24 GHz

Typical Performance



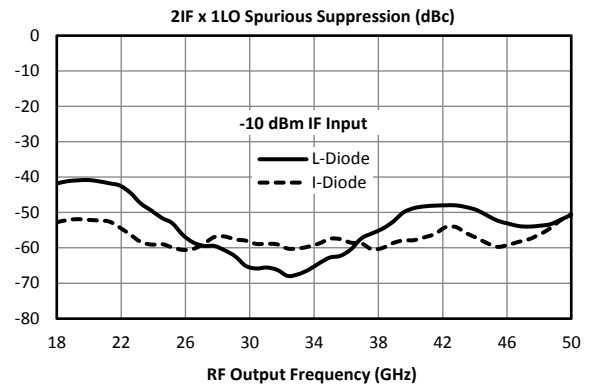
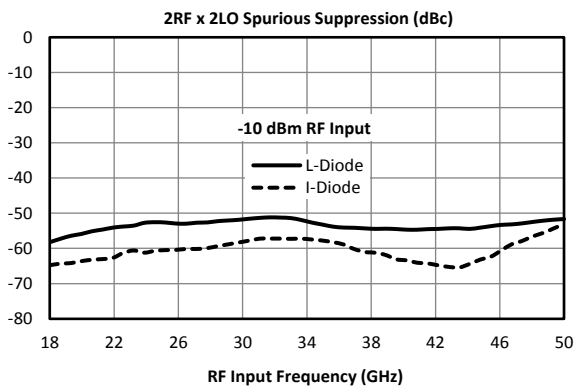
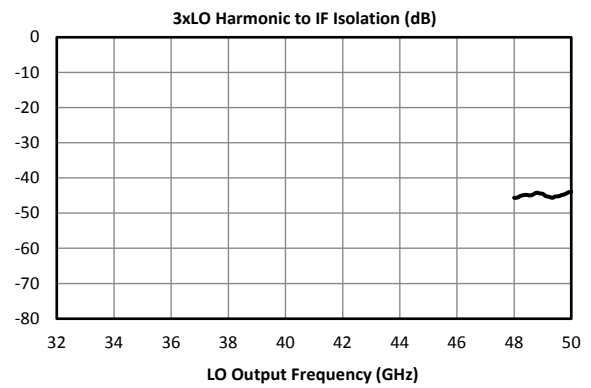
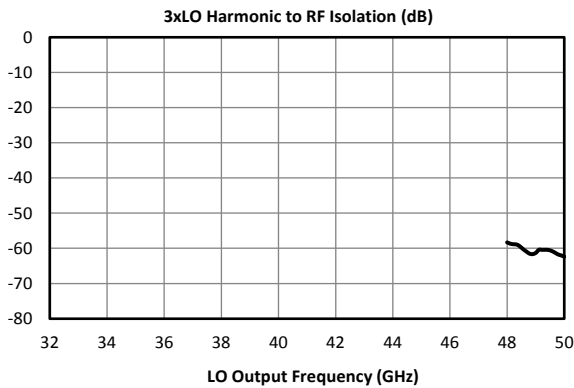
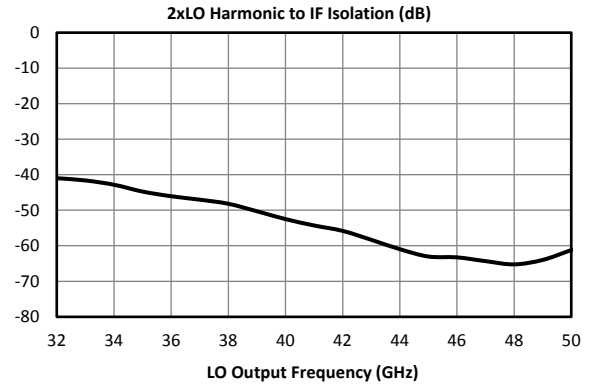
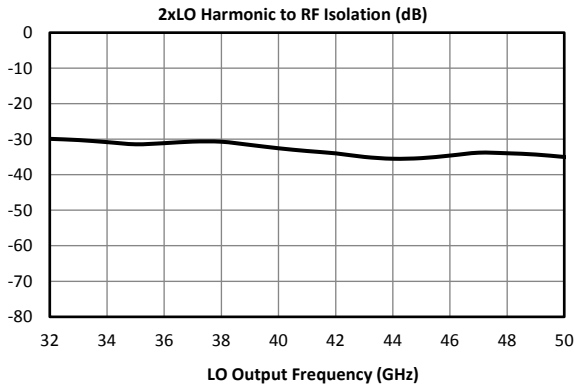
# MICROLITHIC™ DOUBLE-BALANCED MIXER

# ML1-1850

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LO/RF 18 to 50 GHz  
IF DC to 24 GHz

Typical Performance

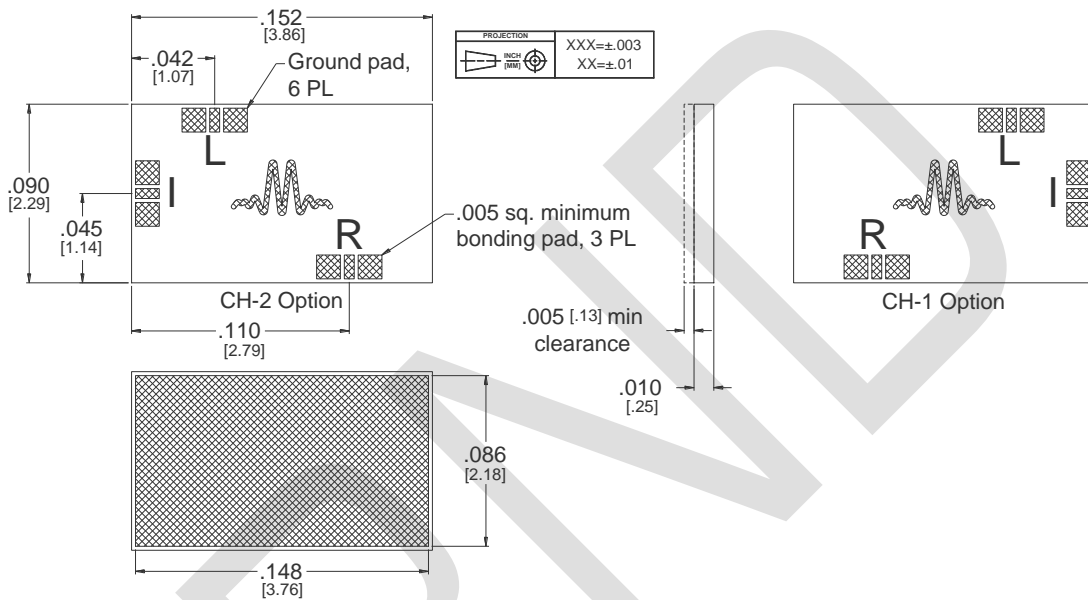


# MICROLITHIC™ DOUBLE-BALANCED MIXER

# ML1-1850

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LO/RF 18 to 50 GHz  
IF DC to 24 GHz

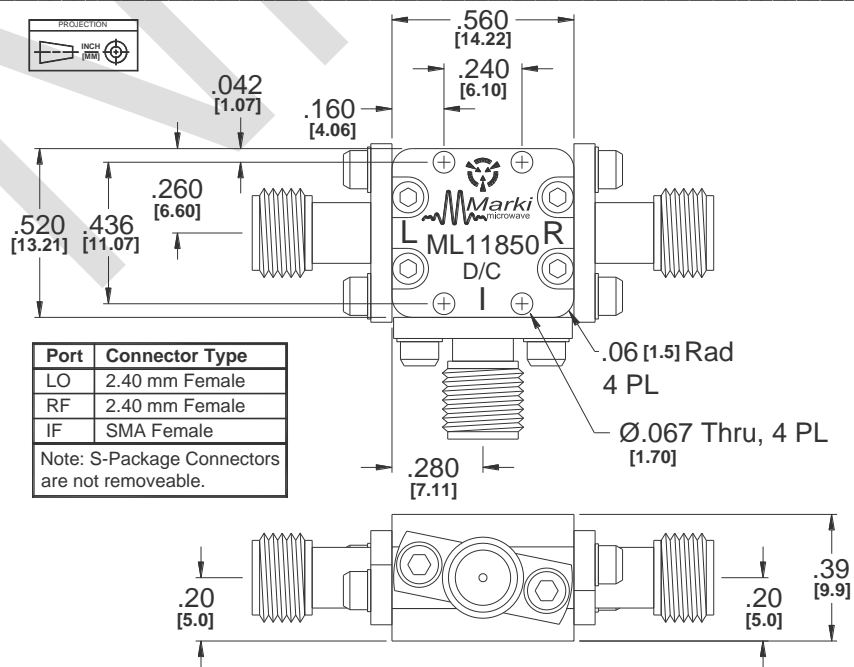


Outline Drawing – CH package

\*CH Substrate material is .010 thick Ceramic.

I/O traces and ground plane finish is 2.5 microns Au over .05 microns WTi.

Wire Bonding - Ball or wedge bond with 0.025 mm (1 mil) diameter pure gold wire. Thermosonic wirebonding with a nominal stage temperature of 150 °C and a ball bonding force of 40 to 50 grams or wedge bonding force of 18 to 22 grams is recommended. Use the minimum level of ultrasonic energy to achieve reliable wirebonds. Wirebonds should be started on the chip and terminated on the package or substrate. All bonds should be as short as possible <0.31 mm (12 mils).



Outline Drawing – SV package

# MICROLITHIC™ DOUBLE-BALANCED MIXER

# ML1-1850

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LO/RF 18 to 50 GHz  
IF DC to 24 GHz

### Downconversion Spurious Suppression

Spurious data is taken by selecting RF and LO frequencies ( $\pm mLO \pm nRF$ ) within the RF/LO bands, to create a spurious output within the IF band. The mixer is swept across the full spurious band and the mean is calculated. The numbers shown in the table below are for a -10 dBm RF input. Spurious suppression is scaled for different RF power levels by  $(n-1)$ , where “n” is the RF spur order. For example, the  $2RFx2LO$  spur is 60 dBc for the I-diode version for a -10 dBm input, so a -20 dBm RF input creates a spur that is  $(2-1) \times (-10 \text{ dB})$  dB lower, or 70 dBc.

#### Typical Downconversion Spurious Suppression (dBc): I-diode (L-diode) <sup>5</sup>

-10 dBm RF Input	0xLO	1xLO	2xLO	3xLO	4xLO	5xLO
1xRF	24 (27)	Reference	34 (45)	17 (15)	43 (44)	17 (21)
2xRF	68 (69)	53 (56)	60 (54)	60 (52)	69 (63)	53 (47)
3xRF	N/A	55 (49)	77 (80)	64 (55)	86 (81)	85 (69)
4xRF	N/A	94 (89)	92 (87)	101 (89)	104 (90)	106 (90)
5xRF	N/A	N/A	115 (113)	104 (93)	120 (110)	111 (92)

### Upconversion Spurious Suppression

Spurious data is taken by mixing an input within the IF band, with LO frequencies ( $\pm mLO \pm nIF$ ), to create a spurious output within the RF output band. The mixer is swept across the full spurious output band and the mean is calculated. The numbers shown in the table below are for a -10 dBm IF input. Spurious suppression is scaled for different IF input power levels by  $(n-1)$ , where “n” is the IF spur order. For example, the  $2IFx1LO$  spur is typically 57 for the I-diode version dBc for a -10 dBm input, so a -20 dBm IF input creates a spur that is  $(2-1) \times (-10 \text{ dB})$  dB lower, or 67 dBc.

#### Typical Upconversion Spurious Suppression (dBc): I-diode (L-diode) <sup>5</sup>

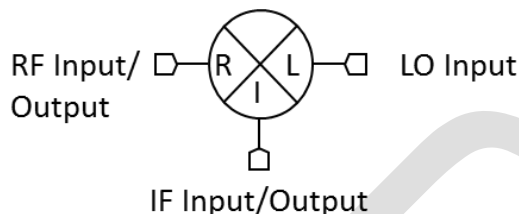
-10 dBm RF Input	0xLO	1xLO	2xLO	3xLO	4xLO	5xLO
1xIF	31 (30)	Reference	26 (39)	14 (12)	52 (48)	N/A
2xIF	60 (56)	57 (53)	50 (44)	56 (50)	56 (57)	57 (58)
3xIF	94 (85)	62 (55)	78 (69)	65 (60)	83 (74)	67 (57)
4xIF	113 (103)	100 (92)	99 (77)	104 (86)	102 (84)	97 (86)
5xIF	123 (120)	108 (96)	116 (101)	119 (101)	122 (116)	108 (87)



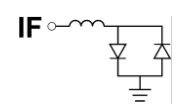
# MICROLITHIC™ DOUBLE-BALANCED MIXER

## ML1-1850

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LO/RF 18 to 50 GHz  
IF DC to 24 GHz



Port	Description	DC Interface Schematic
LO	The LO port is DC open and AC matched to 50 Ohms from 18 GHz to 50 GHz. Blocking capacitor is optional.	
RF	The RF port is DC open and AC matched to 50 Ohms from 18 GHz to 50 GHz. Blocking capacitor is optional.	
IF	The IF port is DC coupled to the diodes. Blocking capacitor is optional.	

Absolute Maximum Ratings	
Parameter	Maximum Rating
RF DC Current	1 Amp
LO DC Current	1 Amp
IF DC Current	50 mA
RF Power Handling (RF+LO)	+25 dBm at +25°C, derated linearly to +20 dBm at +100°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +100°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +125°C

**DATA SHEET NOTES:**

- Mixer Conversion Loss Plot IF frequency is 100 MHz.
- Mixer Noise Figure typically measures within 0.5 dB of conversion loss for IF frequencies greater than 5 MHz.
- Conversion Loss typically degrades less than 0.5 dB for LO drives 2 dB below the lowest and 3 dB above highest nominal LO drive levels.
- Conversion Loss typically degrades less than 0.5 dB at +100°C and improves less than 0.5 dB at -55°C.
- Unless otherwise specified L diode data taken with +13 dBm LO drive and I diode data is taken with +17 dBm LO drive.
- Specifications are subject to change without notice. Contact Marki Microwave for the most recent specifications and data sheets.
- Catalog mixer circuits are continually improved. Configuration control requires custom mixer model numbers and specifications.

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